Summer Study -- A Bible Overview With A Jesus Focus

Lesson 5: Jesus in Judges, Ruth & 1 Samuel

Note: an on-line site like https://biblehub.com/ -- enables rapid navigation to listed texts

• The scene for Judges was set by **Joshua 24:31**: *Israel had served the LORD throughout the days of Joshua and of the elders who outlived him.* Unfortunately, those elders would only last so long.

Jesus in Judges

- The Jews were supposed to conquer the land, but they failed to do so (v1:27-36)
- The book of Judges speaks of humanity's need for an eternal deliverer--whereas, all the judges herein are only human, **Psalm 110** points forward to the great Judge who will be King & Savior of His people
 - o A five-part cycle would be repeated thru Judges: sin, servitude, supplication, salvation, silence
 - o **Chapter 2** summarizes the entire book: God repeatedly showing His love to a "stiff-necked" people who repeatedly turned from Him to worship the gods of the people they did not destroy
 - o Two features seem to characterize the problem & relate it to the same issue today: 1) parents not following God's directions for raising children (**Deuteronomy 6:7,20-25; Ephesians 6:4**); 2) accommodating to the culture (**Ephesians 2:2**), which weakens love for Jesus (**Revelation 2:4-5**)
 - o Jesus will judge all people (John 5:22): believers not for sin, since their slates have been wiped clean, but for reward based upon how each has served Him (1 Corinthians 3:12-15; 2 Corinthians 5:10)
 - o Jesus will judge non-believers from the great white throne (John 3:18; Revelation 20:11-15)
- Angel of the LORD (v2:1)--again, held to be the pre-incarnate Jesus, especially with all the "I", "My", etc.
- The Israelites again did evil in the eyes of the LORD. (v4:1; 6:1...) leading to oppression, crime & conflict
 - o People in our world today also fall to the consequences of sin, but we are no longer enslaved to Satan, because Jesus has won the victory! (John 16:33; Romans 8:37; 11:26)
 - God often sends an Othniel or a Deborah into our lives to empathize, encourage, support & see us thru;
 He also uses each of us in such manner for someone else (Hebrews 3:13-14)
- Gideon, the "mighty warrior" (*v6:12*) was hiding, threshing wheat in a winepress when the "angel of the LORD" appeared; God pared Gideon's army to 300 to show that God would bring the victory (*v7:7,9,15*)
 - o God uses unlikely people to do great things thru His power (Luke 5:8-11; 1 Corinthians 1:26-31)
- Samson was a flawed hero, but still did mighty deeds thru the Spirit of the LORD (v14:6,19; 15:14)
 - o Samson's flaws left him weak, blind & captured (Galatians 6:7-8) until he called on the LORD (v16:28)
 - o Jesus displayed power in overcoming sin, disease & demons (2 Corinthians 13:4); like Samson, His greatest victory came just when His enemies thought He had been totally defeated
- Israel failed to recognize their almighty, faithful & loving God as their king (v17:6; 18:1; 19:1; 21:25)
 - o Their response to God was like that of so many today: "No thanks, we will do things our own way!"
 - o Jesus expressed what must have been the core of God's lament since Adam & Eve (Luke 13:34-35)

Jesus in Ruth

- The story of Ruth occurs during the time of the judges (v1:1), a period of repeated worshipping of idols
- Ruth & the other three women in Matthew's genealogy of Jesus (Matthew 1:3-6) were all Gentiles--an early indication that Jesus came for all people!
- Boaz was a type of Christ--as kinsman-redeemer for Naomi & Ruth (v3:9; 4:9-10) just as Jesus is for us
 - o Boaz extended favor (grace) to Ruth (v2:8-9, 14-16; 3:11-13), as Jesus graces us (Ephesians 2:4-10)
 - o Redemption--used 23 times in Ruth; Jesus paid a heavy price for our redemption (Colossians 1:12-14)
- The book of Ruth ends with the birth of her son, Obed (v4:13-17) & then the line of David (v4:18-22)
 - o God Had promised the Messiah would come from Judah's family, but the law did not allow the descendant of an illegitimate child to lead God's people until the 10th generation (**Deuteronomy 23:2**)

- o Note that David, as the 10th generation starting from Perez, meets that requirement; God used ordinary, sinful people to carry on the family line to His sinless Son, who would redeem us from sin's bondage
- o Bethlehem ("house of bread") was a small, ordinary village: where Rachel died, Ruth & Boaz met, David was born & where the Jews knew the Messiah would be born (Micah 5:2; Matthew 2:5-6)

Jesus in 1 Samuel

- 1 Samuel teaches what it means to be "the LORD's anointed"--anointing of priests, kings & prophets suggested that they had been consecrated by God for a special function & endowed by Him with power.
 - o Offices of prophet, priest & king came together in the Messiah, who embodied fulfilment of all three
- Samuel's birth (v1:5,20) was a miracle, as were those of Isaac, Joseph, Samson, John the Baptist & Jesus
 - Note the similarities in the stories of of Hannah & Mary: willing servants of God; received revelations sent from God; gave miraculous births; life's work was to raise a child prepared to serve God; responded to God's message in submission, trust, obedience & glory to God (v2:1-10; Luke 1:46-55)
 - o Samuel was the last judge of Israel until Christ returns as Priest, Judge & King
 - o Samuel is a type of Christ in being a faithful priest (v2:35; Hebrews 2:17; 3:1-3,6; 7:24-25)
 - o Samuel anointed Saul & David as kings & pointed to King Jesus (v2:10; Matthew 28:18; John 12:15)
- Samuel listened for & heeded God's word (*v3:10,19*); we listen to God in many ways, including thru prayer, the Holy Spirit, Bible study, God's works in our lives, sermons & teachings, sounds of nature, etc.
- The people asked Samuel for a king, another indication of their rejecting God's rule over them (v8:7,22)
 - o They forgot/ignored how God brought victories & wanted to be like other nations with a king
 - o Saul looked like a king to them (v9:2, 10:23), but God looks at the heart (v13:14; Psalm 78:70-72)
 - o Saul was not devoted to God, unlike Jesus, who demonstrated unwavering commitment (Luke 22:42)
 - We act as they did when we conform to the world or go our own way (Psalm 78:56-64; Romans 12:2)
 - The people feared God's anger (v12:16-19) but God wants our love (Romans 8:1-2; 1 John 4:15-19)
 - We are to focus on God's kingdom (John 18:36) & tell others the good news about Jesus (Acts 1:7-8)
- David was anointed as Saul's replacement (v16:13) but waited for God's timing & action to be king
 - o God chose David based on his heart (v16:7); Jesus wasn't chosen for appearance either (Isaiah 53:2-3)
 - o Israel's greatest king until the Messiah; Jesus ("Son of David"--Matthew 9:27), though descended from David (Matthew 1:6; Luke 3:31) was David's Lord (Psalm 110:1; Matthew 22:41-46)
 - o Saul was jealous & fearful of David; Jesus challenged the Jews' religious, political & financial standing
 - o Jonathan was David's best friend despite his father's hatred (*v20:42*) & knowing David, not he, would be king (*v23:17*); Jesus is our best friend despite our sin (**Matthew 11:19**)
- As Israel's champion, David defeated Goliath thru God's power (v17:37,45-47); as our champion, Jesus defeated the Goliaths of Satan & his world (John 16:33); we also have victory in Jesus (1 John 4:4,5:5)
 - o Saul was Israel's "Goliath-like idol"--tall, handsome, one to have faith in! But he cowered (v17:11)
- David took the consecrated bread (*v21:4,6*) which was restricted in use by the Law (**Leviticus 24:5-9**); but Jesus cited this incident in justifying His disciples picking grain on the Sabbath (**Matthew 12:3-6**)
 - The Jews had greatly expanded the Law; in trying to define how the Law applied to everything, they lost sight of the type of behavior that God really desired the Law to encourage (Matthew 12:7-8)
- Each time David spared Saul's life (v24:10; 26:11) Saul expressed remorse, but that didn't last long; true repentance requires action for real change (Matthew 4:17; 16:24; Acts 26:20; 2 Corinthians 7:10)
- Abigail smoothed things over with David after her husband Nabal insulted David (v25:10-11,32-35)
 Like Nabal, each of us has unwisely rejected God's goodness, but Jesus interceded & took our penalty
- Saul's failure was his consistently half-hearted obedience (as in v15:3,22-23) which led to his rejection
 Jesus set our mark & model for obedience (John 14:15; Philippians 2:6-11; Hebrews 10:5-10)

¹ The Knowing Jesus Study Bible, Zondervan Publishing House, Grand Rapids MI, 1999, page 339